

# OPTIBEAN PROJECT BEAN AGRONOMY TOOL

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TSB:101082 - Improving the Availability of UK sourced Protein Feed through New Faba Bean Varieties, Production and Utilisation Systems

"OPTIBEAN" – A 4 Year project funded by Innovate UK to optimise faba bean breeding, production and usage

# OPTIBEANS

optimising faba bean breeding, production and usage

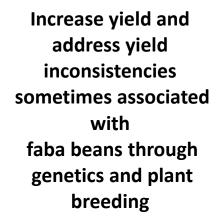
# Who was Optibean?





## **Optibean General Aims**

Identification and utilisation of a blueprint growing system to maximise UK faba bean production





optimising faba bean breeding, production and useage

Utilisation in animal feed of a sustainable UK vegetable protein rather than imported soya, thus reducing the Carbon footprint



## What was Optibean?

### Work Package 1 Objectives: Wherry & NIAB-TAG

- Breeding for yield stability & quality
- Genetics behind pod set stability

### Work Package 2 Objectives: PGRO, NIAB-TAG

- Sowing date & population studies
- Fungicide & aphicide timing studies
- Soil SNS studies
- Inter row weeding studies (NIAB-TAG)
- Produce web-based agronomy tool

### Work Package 3 Objectives: Waitrose Producer Groups

- Feeding studies Salmon, Pigs, Turkeys, broiler and layer chickens, Pekin Ducks.
- LCA (North Energy)









# PGRO – Output (work package 2)

The Optibean Agronomy Tool A spreadsheet based collection of Economic and Agronomic worksheets to aid the production of UK produced field beans



# **WORKPACKAGE 2 - AGRONOMY**



# Soil Nitrogen Supply

- Paired locations with non-fertilised w.wheat following either beans or OSR
- Soil samples for SMN/ Feb/March
- Samples analysed for ammonium-N and nitrate-N
- Crop samples July/August
- Measured for fresh weight and subsampled for dry weight, N% (grain and straw separately), grain yield/ha and total N uptake (kg/ha)



## **Fungicide and Insecticide Timings**

- 4 sites 2 winter, 2 spring
- Cambridgeshire WB Marholm
- Herts/Essex WB Much Hadham
- Rutland SB Ashwell
- Oxfordshire SB Weston on the Green





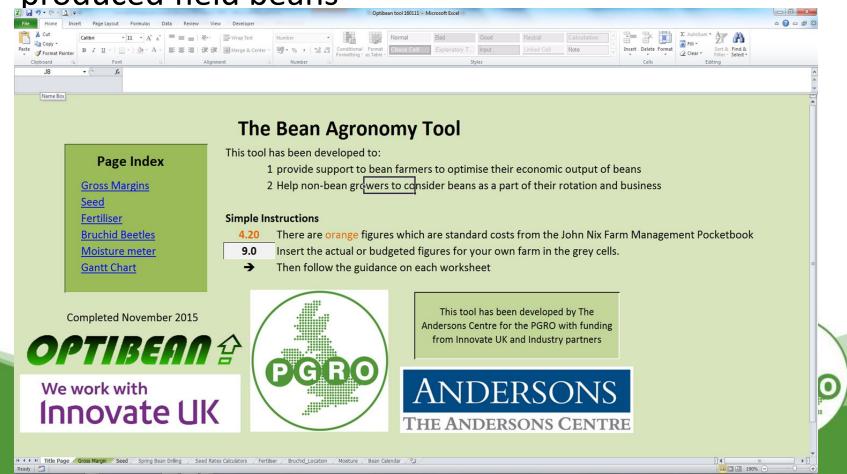






### PGRO – Output (work package 2)

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### Page Index

Gross Margins Seed

Fertiliser

**Bruchid Beetles** 

Moisture meter

**Gantt Chart** 

# The Bean Agronomy Tool This tool has been developed to:

- 1 provide support to bean farmers to optimise their economic output of beans
- 2 Help non-bean growers to consider beans as a part of their rotation and business

### Simple Instructions

- 4.20 There are orange figures which are standard costs from the John Nix Farm Management Pocketbook
- 9.0 Insert the actual or budgeted figures for your own farm in the grey cells.
- → Then follow the guidance on each worksheet

Completed November 2015

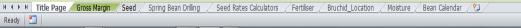


We work with Innovate UK



This tool has been developed by The Andersons Centre for the PGRO with funding from Innovate UK and Industry partners



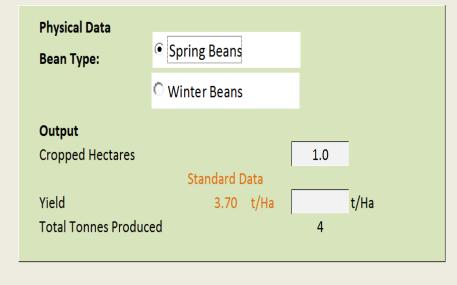




Microsoft Excel - Optibean tool 160111

Gross Margin Schedule: Use this to build your own gross margin.

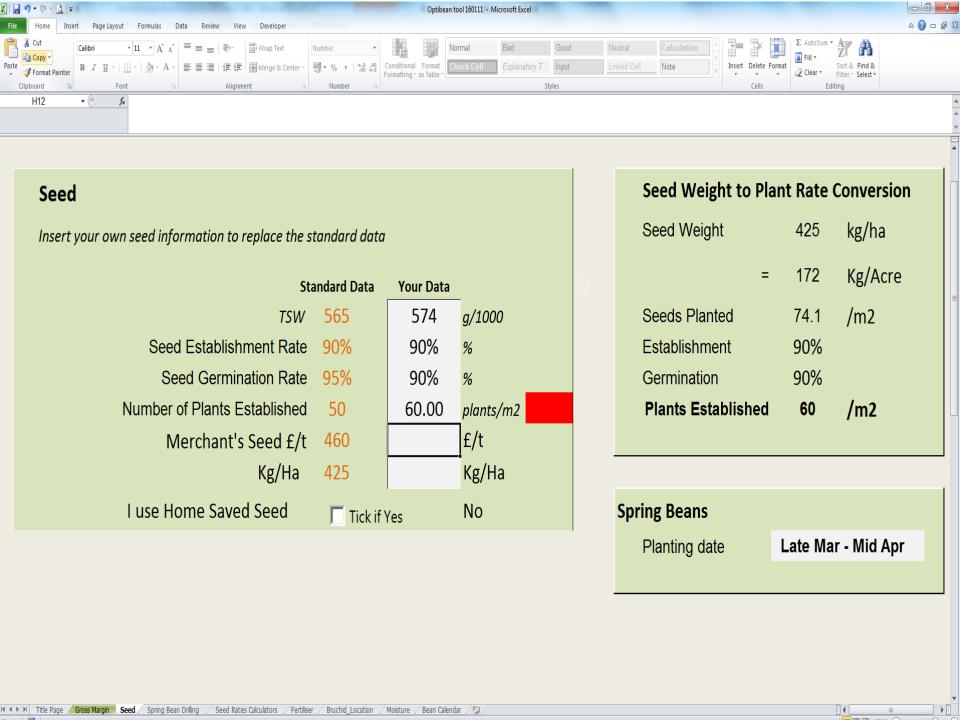
This page is populated with standard data from the John Nix Farm Management Pocketbook. You can overwrite it with your own data in the grey cells

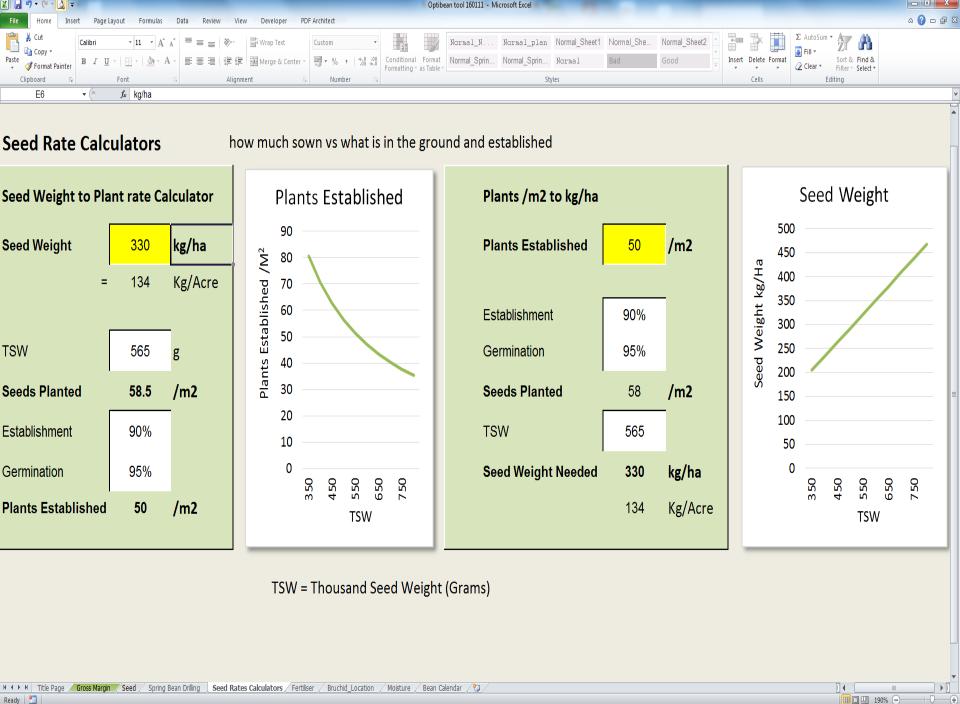


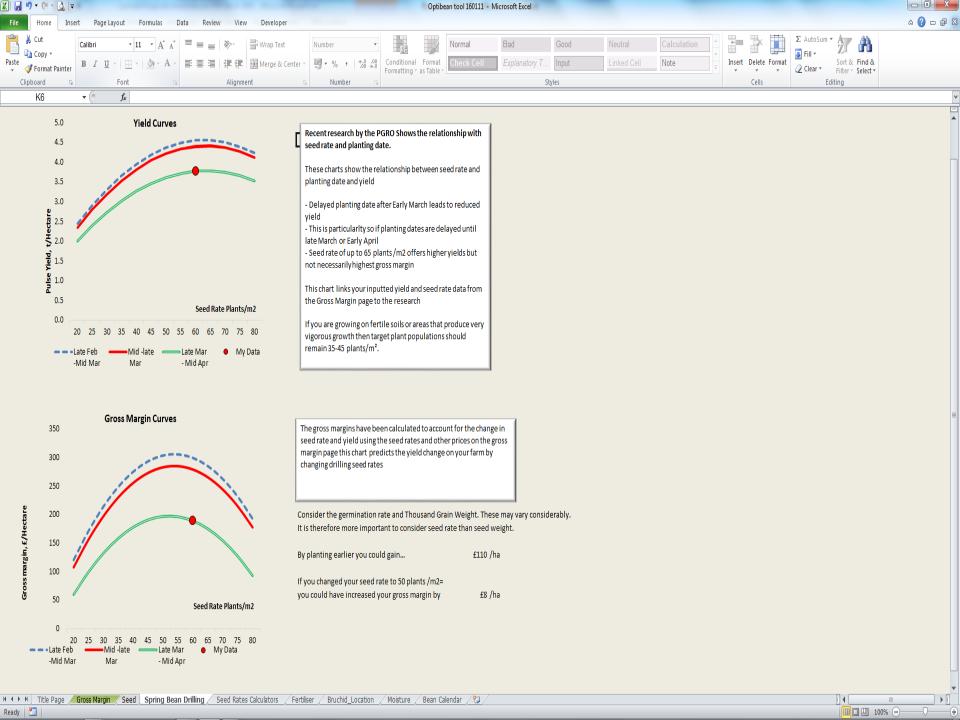
| Star                       | ndard Data | Farm Dat | a   |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|-----|
| Human Consumption percenta | 60%        |          |     |
| eed percentage             | 40%        |          |     |
| Human Consumption Price    | 150        |          | £/t |
| Feed Bean Price            | 130        |          | £/t |
| Average Price              | 142        | 142      | £/t |

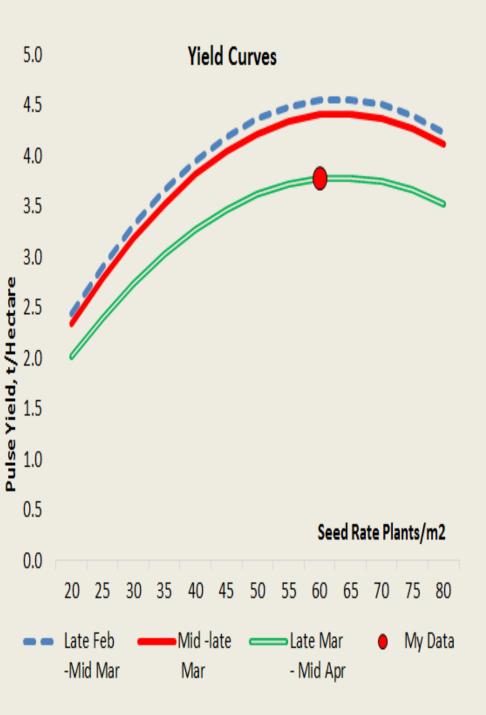
|                       | per Hectare    |          | Total |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------|-------|
|                       | Standard Data  | Own Data |       |
| Output                | £/Ha           | £/Ha     | £     |
| Sales                 | 525            | 525      | 525   |
| Total Output          |                | 525      | 525   |
| Variable Costs        |                |          |       |
| Seed                  | 119            | 152      | 152   |
| Fertiliser            | 45             | 45       | 45    |
| Sprays                | 120            |          | 120   |
| Total Variable Costs  | 284            | 317      | 317   |
| Gross Margin          |                | 208      | 208   |
| Available Nitrogen Le | ft in Soil for | 34       | 34    |
| following wheat       |                |          |       |
| Total Margin from Be  | eans           | 242      | 242   |

14 1 M Title Page Gross Margin Seed Spring Bean Drilling Seed Rates Calculators Fertiliser Bruchid Location Moisture Bean Calendar









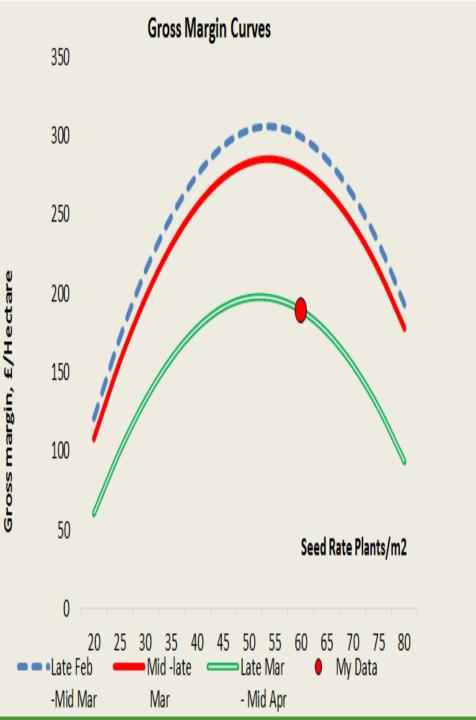
# Recent research by the PGRO Shows the relationship with seed rate and planting date.

These charts show the relationship between seed rate and planting date and yield

- Delayed planting date after Early March leads to reduced yield
- This is particularlty so if planting dates are delayed until late March or Early April
- Seed rate of up to 65 plants /m2 offers higher yields but not necessarily highest gross margin

This chart links your inputted yield and seed rate data from the Gross Margin page to the research

If you are growing on fertile soils or areas that produce very vigorous growth then target plant populations should remain 35-45 plants/m<sup>2</sup>.



The gross margins have been calculated to account for the change in seed rate and yield using the seed rates and other prices on the gross margin page this chart predicts the yield change on your farm by changing drilling seed rates

Consider the germination rate and Thousand Grain Weight. These may vary considerably. It is therefore more important to consider seed rate than seed weight.

By planting earlier you could gain... £110 /ha

If you changed your seed rate to 50 plants /m2=
you could have increased your gross margin by
£8 /ha

| Termiser  |
|---|
| Beans are nitrogen fixing so leave additional N in the soil. They require no N fertiliser |
|   |

**Fertiliser** 

needs replacing. This shedule calculates how much P and K is removed and therefore is required to retain soil indeces as before.

Any harvest removes P and K from the field which

| Yield of Beans in Gross margin | 3.70 t/Ha |  |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Kg/Ha/t                        | Kg/Ha     |  |

|                                  | Kg/Ha/t | Kg/Ha |       |
|----------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Kg Phosphate removed per Ha      | 11      | 40.7  | Kg/Ha |
|                                  |         |       |       |
| Kg Potash removed per Ha         | 12      | 44.4  | Kg/Ha |
|                                  |         |       |       |
| Value of Mineral Fertiliser Requ | £45.00  | ) /Ha |       |
|                                  |         |       |       |

### **Residual Nitrogen**Utilisable nitrogen left in the soil for the following crop ranges from 25 to 200kg/ha

Nutrient

N

K

The average used is 50kg/ha.

It is difficult to assess how much additional usable nitrogen residue is left.

Fert Price

233

300

255

Makeup

35%

46%

60%

Pence/Kg

68

65

43

Kg/Ha

0

41

44

Total

Fert

£/Ha

£0.00

£26.74

£18.70

£45.00

The figure normally used of available nitrogen to the following crop is 50kg/ha
Hence, at the prices quoted above,

£/Ha
£ total

|                                 | £/Ha | £ total |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|
| Available Nitrogen Left in Soil | 34   | 34      |
|                                 |      |         |

Value of residual N to the following wheat crop

Winter Bean Fertiliser Basis 3.7t/Ha

Kg/t

0

11

12

| Fertiliser ( | on Differer | nt Soil Con | ditions |     |     |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----|-----|
| Kg/Ha        | Soil Index  | 1           | 2       | 3   | 4   |
| Phosphate    | 102.2       | 72.2        | 40.7    | 2.2 | 2.2 |
|              | 102.4       | 72.4        | 44.4    | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Potash       | 102.4       | 72.4        | 44.4    | 2.4 | 2.4 |
|              | Soil Index  |             |         |     |     |
| £/Ha         | 0           | 1           | 2       | 3   | 4   |
| Phosphate    | 67          | 47          | 27      | 1   | 1   |
| Potash       | 44          | 31          | 19      | 1   | 1   |

This table shows the recommendations by RB209, the Fertiliser Manual, to apply to beans in soils of varying indices.

Microsoft Excel - Optibean tool 160111

### **Historic Bruchid Count Map**

Bruchid beetle is the main factor that lowers quality in beans. It takes the human consumption premium away from a clean sample.

Bruchid beetle is more prevalent in the South of GB, although farms in the North must remain vigilant of this potentially very damaging beetle.



Use the Bruchidcast web--based service to refine spray dates Click here to register.

### This is when spraying should occur

Pods present defined as pods, 50% 2cm long or more, remembering that at that length they can be hidden by decaying petals.

2 consecutive days when max daily temperature is at least 20 degrees

### Follow up sprays

7-10 days after initial spraying and thereafter depending on temperature

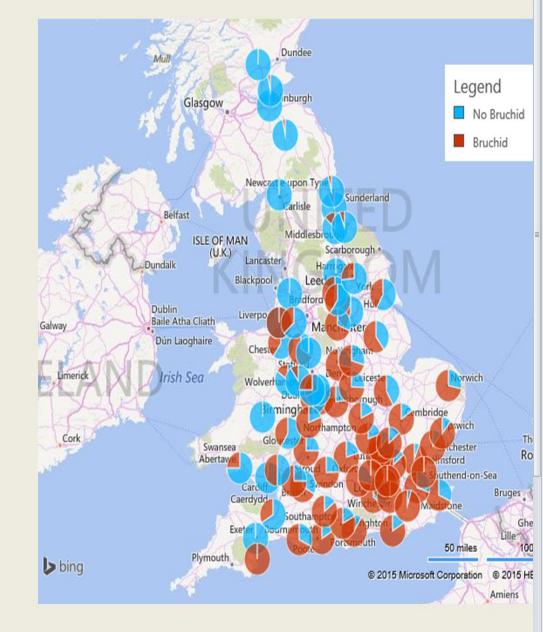
Maximum total dose of Hallmark is 0.15 I/ha per annum

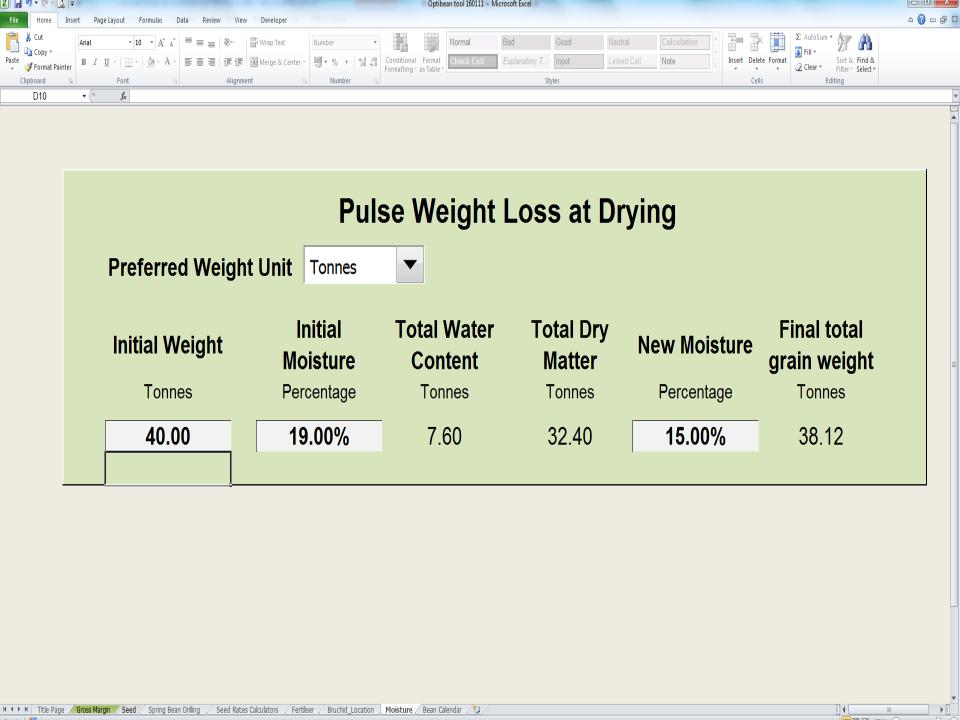
Other products for use during flowering are available.

You must check product labels for restrictions of use at this time

### Risk is reduced

If flowering is late and temps are cold





You are anticipating a gross margin yield of 4t/ha

Are you assuming this includes:

- A T1 Fungicide Application?
- A T2 Fungicide Application?
- A T3 Fungicide Application?
  Total Fungicide Cost

| TICK | Cost £/Ha |
|------|-----------|
| yes  | £20.00    |
| no   | £25.00    |
| no   | £18.00    |
|      | £20.00    |
|      |           |

### Description

First Flower
First Pod
=T2 +21-28 days

### Hover

### Rust

Trials demonstrate untreated rust takes up to 14% of yield from Winter Beans

Beans are protected from rust primarily by the T3 application

- You are potentially risking 14% yield loss from Rust
- > By not spending £18/Ha on a T3 could be costing you 0.6t/Ha worth about £79/Ha

### **Chocolate Spot**

Up to half the yield can be lost because of Chocolate Spot.

T2 offers the best protection for Chocolate Spot, followed by T1

Evidence suggests the following fungicide applications provide varying protection as follows:

High Impact Year

| T1 | T2 | Т3 | Possible<br>Yield Loss | -   | Possible £<br>Loss | You have selected |
|----|----|----|------------------------|-----|--------------------|-------------------|
| n  | n  | n  | 50%                    | £0  | £281               |                   |
| у  | n  | n  | 35%                    | £20 | £197               | <del>(</del>      |
| n  | у  | n  | 25%                    | £25 | £141               |                   |
| n  | n  | у  | 45%                    | £18 | £253               |                   |
| у  | у  | n  | 7%                     | £45 | £39                |                   |
| n  | у  | у  | 25%                    | £43 | £141               |                   |
| у  | n  | у  | 35%                    | £38 | £197               |                   |
| у  | у  | у  | 0%                     | £63 | £0                 |                   |

Research demonstrates that 3 Fungicide programme provides fullest Chocolate Spot protection under a high disease pressure scenario.

Yields fall from this 'full' fungicide programme according to the table in a severe Chocolate Spot Infection.

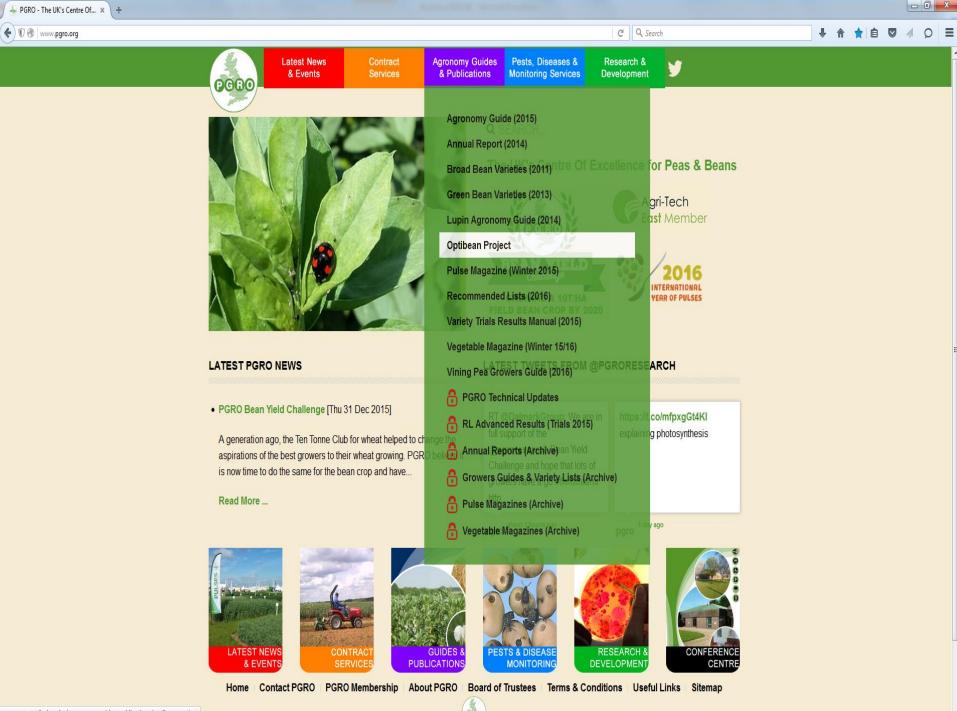
The programme you have selected may lose you 35% of yield if Chocolate Spot is bad this year.

NOTE, If conditions are not conducive to disease development and disease is visibly less than 5% on the leaf, it is probable that treatment is unnecessary. Consult your agronomist for details.

Hover

### NOTE:

If conditions are not conducive to disease development and disease is visibly less than 5% on the leaf, it is probable that treatment is unnecessary. Consult your agronomist for details.

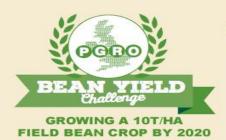






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#### The UK's Centre Of Excellence for Peas & Beans







#### LATEST PGRO NEWS

PGRO

PGRO Bean Yield Challenge [Thu 31 Dec 2015]

A generation ago, the Ten Tonne Club for wheat helped to change the aspirations of the best growers to their wheat growing. PGRO believe it is now time to do the same for the bean crop and have...

Read More ...

### LATEST TWEETS FROM @PGRORESEARCH

RT @PVR\_org: Love it -@sciencemagazine thank you for guide to reading scientific papers - who has not experienced this! https://t.co /SytKI...

New 2016 PGRO Pulse Agronomy Guide just arrived. Copies at the Road Show events https://t.co/TVA4GP0SeC https://t.co/xtlqB9Ql8p

about 15 hours ago pgro

about 20 hours ago pgro













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PGRO

A generation ago, the Ten Tonne Club for wheat helped to change the aspirations of the best growers to their wheat growing.

**Latest News** 

& Events

PGRO believe it is now time to do the same for the bean crop and have issued the **PGRO Bean Yield Challenge** towards growing a 10 tonne feld bean crop by 2020.

The Challenge is open to any UK-based grower of any commercial UK-grown grain crop and will run annually until crop 2020 - or until the frst 10t/ha crop is validated, whichever is the sooner.

A prize trophy will be awarded annually for the highest verifed yield for each crop year starting with the 2015-2016 year.

The absolute Yield Challenge winner will be the frst grower to achieve a verifed yield of 10t/ha or more. In the event that two or more growers achieve the 10t/ha goal in the same crop year, the grower producing the highest yield will be declared the winner.

For more information about the Challenge & to read the rules, please open/download our Information Sheet.

To receive a copy of the entry form please complete the short form below ...

| Name (*)    |  |
|-------------|--|
|             |  |
| Email (*)   |  |
|             |  |
| Address (*) |  |
|             |  |
| ostcode (*) |  |



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### PGRO AGRONOMY GUIDES & PUBLICATIONS

Agronomy Guide (2016)

Annual Report (2014)

Broad Bean Varieties (2011)

Green Bean Varieties (2013)

Lupin Agronomy Guide (2014)

Optibean Project

Pulse Magazine (Winter 2015)

Recommended Lists (2016)

Variety Trials Results Manual (2015)

Vegetable Magazine (Winter 15/16)

Vining Pea Growers Guide (2016)

PGRO Technical Updates



# Thank you



