# Research Strategy for Combinable Pulse Crops

The working strategy document of the PULSE PANEL 2016-19

The Pulse Panel is made up of growers, trade and industry representatives. Meeting twice each year its purpose is to give guidance and advice on priority R and D areas to PGRO for the expenditure of Pulse Levy in the pursuit of grower objectives concerning the production of combinable pulse crops.

By partnering with growers, other science and research organisations, and by collaborating with commercial partners, PGRO works to leverage additional resources and access EU and UK funds to complement the levy contributions to deliver maximum effect.

The 5 key priorities identified by the Pulse Panel are as follows.

1: Deliver YIELD STABILITY and improved QUALITY by understanding and quantifying the influencing factors and providing recommendations to ensure its realisation.

2: SOIL HEALTH and plant and soil biological interactions greatly influence pulse crops. Provide recommendations for remedial actions and the delivery of soil health improvement.

3: Deliver CROP NUTRITION plans for modern production techniques providing recommendations for optimum performance.

4: ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGE will influence future cropping techniques. Deliver recommendations for growing in a changing environment.

5: LEGISLATION UPDATES: To provide relevant information that can be used to impact and promote production and consumption

|   |      |             |                    |                                     | <b>.</b> . |
|---|------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| T | heme | Description | Priority 1-5 (1 is | Previous, current and proposed work | Status     |
|   |      |             | high)              |                                     |            |
|   |      |             |                    |                                     |            |

### 1. Yield and quality

Deliver yield stability and improved quality by understanding and quantifying the influencing factors and providing recommendations to ensure its realisation, including development of IPM systems and new crop protection products

| Plant breeding<br>and genetic<br>improvement<br>General | Peas and beans<br>Peas | Identifying traits for peas and<br>beans for yield stability, disease<br>tolerance and quality that can<br>be used for breeding<br>Identifying factors affecting yield<br>in peas | 1 | Defra: PCGIN<br>Pea Yield Enhancement Network  | Current<br>Current |
|---|------------------------|---|---|--|--------------------|
| Pulse varieties   | Peas and beans         | Peas and beans: Variety<br>evaluation; optimum sowing<br>dates; drought tolerance.  | 1 | Recommended List Trials - Pulse Levy;<br>Improving the resistance of legume crops to<br>combined Abitoic and Biotic stresses<br>(ABSTRESS) - EU FP7  | Current            |
|   |                        |   |   | Improving the availability of UK sourced<br>protein feed through new faba varieties,<br>production and utilisation systems -<br>Optibean - IUK 101082; An integrated<br>program for the development of lupins as a<br>sustainable protein source for UK<br>agriculture | Previous           |
| Plant density   | Peas and beans         | Assessment of optimum plant<br>density for greatest economic<br>gain  | 2 | PGRO levy funded: Combining pea optimum populations  | Current            |
|   |                        |   |   | Improving the availability of UK sourced<br>protein feed through new faba varieties,<br>production and utilisation systems -<br>Optibean - IUK 101082.   | Previous           |
| Pod set stability                                       | Peas and beans         | Maximisation and stability of pod set   | 2 | Improving the availability of UK sourced<br>protein feed through new varieties,<br>production and utilisation systems -<br>Optibean - IUK 101082.  | Previous           |
| Mechanisation<br>and harvest<br>guidance                | Peas and beans         | Providing quidance for<br>prevention of harvest losses  | 2 |  | GAP                |

| Visual quality<br>retention | Peas and beans | Providing guidance for retention of visual quality of grains  | 2 | Quality Determinants in pea seed - QDiPS -<br>Defra Link.  | Previous                     |
|-----------------------------|----------------|---|---|--|------------------------------|
| Production<br>continuity    | Peas and beans | Forecasting supply and demand;<br>Techniques for altering crop<br>maturity; Improved storage.                         | 4 | Novel computer vision techniques for food<br>quality analysis - identification of <i>B.</i><br><i>rufimanus</i> damage in field beans for human<br>consumption - IUK 131442.   | Previous                     |
|                             |                |   |   | Investigation of the use of plant growth regulators for yield and protein content.   | Proposed                     |
| Resource<br>management      | Peas and beans | Efficient use of energy and other<br>resources: Alternative energy<br>sources; Resource management.                   |   | AHDB - UK Partnership for Crop Nutrient<br>Management - RB209 consortium -<br>supported by levy boards and industry.   | Current                      |
|                             |                |   |   |  |                              |
| Pests                       | Peas and Beans | Pea and bean weevil:<br>Development of seed<br>treatments; Novel control<br>systems and IPM; Resistance.              | 2 | Chemical evaluation: In conjunction with<br>chemical companies including screening<br>trial for weevil control; A novel 'lure and<br>kill' system for the control of <i>Sitona</i>   | Current                      |
|                             | Beans          | <b>Bruchid beetle</b> : Novel control systems and IPM; Resistance.  | 1 | <i>lineatus</i> and <i>Bruchus rufimanus</i> - IUK<br>101910; Brassicas, leafy salads, oilseed rape<br>and legumes: Developing and evaluating<br>management strategies to mitigate   |                              |
|                             | Beans          | Stem nematode: Novel control measures and IPM.  | 1 | woodpigeon damage to crops - AHDB-<br>Horticulture FV426a. PGRO and industry<br>funded Stem nematode PhD: better<br>understand the crop pest relationship;<br>establish a more reliable quantification<br>method; investigate likely control methods<br>(catch / cover / biofumigation) or cropping<br>techniques.                                     |                              |
|                             | Peas and Beans | Field thrips: Development of  | 2 | Investigation of the viability of <i>Ditylenchus</i><br>spp. when fed to cattle as whole beans or<br>straw.<br>Improving the availability of UK sourced  | Proposed<br>Previous         |
|                             | Peas           | seed treatments; Novel control<br>systems and IPM.<br><b>Pea bruchid:</b> Risk to UK crops;                           | 1 | protein feed through new faba varieties,<br>production and utilisation systems -<br>Optibean - IUK 101082; Monitoring and  |                              |
|                             | Peas           | mitigation.<br><b>Pigeons:</b> Improved control   | 1 | control of Bruchus rufimanus in field beans -<br>Defra LK09102; A novel monitoring and<br>forecasting system for the integrated<br>management of bean seed beetle - IUK<br>100871; HDC Factsheet 01/12; A review of<br>the woodpigeon costs to Brassicas, salad<br>crops and oilseed rape and the<br>effectiveness of management activities -          | Current                      |
|                             | Peas and Beans | <b>Aphids</b> : Control and optimisation of product use; Resistance.  | 1 | AHDB Horticulture FV426; Combating<br>insecticide resistance in major UK pests<br>Beans and peas (AHDB/ CRD/ PGRO/<br>BBRO); Application of SNP genotyping and<br>rapid screening procedures to enable<br>commercialisation of faba bean varieties<br>with stem nematode resistance - IUK<br>100878; Investigation of the status of UK<br>pea viruses. | Proposed (UK pea<br>viruses) |
| Diseases                    | Peas and beans | <b>Downy mildew</b> : Secondary<br>infection; Varietal tolerance;<br>Foliar product availability; Seed<br>treatments. | 1 | Downy mildew varietal resistance - PGRO<br>Levy; Foliar control - PGRO Levy with<br>chemical companies; Pea downy mildew<br>diversity in the UK - AHDB-Horticulture  | Current                      |
|                             | Beans          | Ascochyta fabae: Improved control.  | 4 | FV436. Legumes for the agriculture of<br>tomorrow - LEGATO - EUFP7; web-based<br>forecasting system for downy mildew in<br>spring beans - www.cropmonitor.co.uk -<br>FERA/PGRO   |                              |

|                              | Peas                    | Root disease: Rotational<br>management; Chemical control;<br>Cultural control; Biofumigants;<br>Diagnostic techniques.                    | 1      | Investigating the relationship between<br>Aphanomyces euteiches and yield decline<br>in peas - PGRO Levy/ Nottingham<br>University; Improving the resistance of<br>legume crops to combined Abiotic and<br>Biotic stresses - (ABSTRESS) EUFP7;<br>Legumes for the Agriculture of Tomorrow -<br>LEGATO - EUFP7. Cover crops for improved<br>soil structure and pathogen suppression -<br>vining peas; Understanding and mitigating<br>the causes of yield decline in peas (PhD) -<br>MIBP (iCASE with BBSRC)                  | Current plus<br>Proposed<br>development of<br>molecular diagnostics |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------|--|---|
|                              | Peas<br>Beans           | Sclerotinia: Improved control.<br>Chocolate spot: Foliar product<br>availability; Cultural control.                                       | 3<br>2 | Reducing the impact of Sclerotinia disease<br>in arable rotations, vegetable crops and<br>land use - Defra LINK LK09130 SA563;<br>Improving the availability of UK sourced<br>protein feed through new faba varieties,<br>production and utilisation systems - IUK<br>101082; Broad beans: Fungicide program<br>for chocolate spot control - AHDB-<br>Horticulture FV355; Towards the<br>development of a laboratory based assay<br>for the detection of common root rot<br>( <i>Aphanomyces euteiches</i> ) in vining peas. | Previous  |
| Weed control and dessication | Beans<br>Peas and beans | Dessication timing; Product<br>effectiveness for dessication.<br>Products; Inter-row weeding;<br>wide rows and inter-row<br>applications. | 2      | Timing and effectiveness of diquat and<br>glyphosate, including effects of glyphosate<br>on seed germination<br>Chemical blackgrass control - PGRO;<br>Improving availability of UK sourced protein<br>feed through new faba varieties,<br>production and utilisation systems - IUK<br>101082.   | Current<br>Previous   |
|                              | Peas                    | Vision technology.  | 2      | Vision guided spot sprayer for weed control<br>- AHDB-Horticulture FV307b.   |   |

#### 2. Soil Health

Soil health and plant and soil biological interactions greatly influence pulse crops. Provide recommendations for remedial actions and the delivery of soil health improvement

| Soil structure ar<br>soil health | nd Peas and beans | Soil structure; organic matter<br>content; compaction and<br>aggregation; aeration; effects of<br>soil health on soil-borne<br>pathogens.<br>Impact of cover crops on soil<br>health. | 1 | Cover crops for improved soil structure,<br>organic matter content, reduction of<br>compaction and pathogen suppression -<br>vining peas   | Current |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|---------|
|                                  |                   | Impact of crop rotation on soil health.   | 1 | Development of a Horticultural Soil<br>Management Information System - AHDB<br>CP 107d.  | Current |
|                                  |                   | Impact of field operations and<br>land management on soil<br>health.  | 1 |  | Gap     |
|                                  |                   | Water infiltration; waterlogging.   | 1 |  |         |
|                                  |                   | Soil erosion.   | 1 |  |         |
| Rhizobia and<br>nodulation       | Peas and beans    | Effects of rhizobial treatments<br>on yield and Biological N<br>fixation; Effects of nutrients on<br>rhizobia; Effects of soil health on<br>rhizobia.                                 | 1 | Field beans - rhizobial and mycorrhizal<br>treatments for yield - PGRO Levy funded<br>with Plantworks, Legume Technology and<br>the James Hutton Institute; Vining peas -<br>the effects of soil phosphate levels on<br>rhizobial population - AHDB-Horticulture<br>FV428. | Current |

## **3. Crop Nutrition**

Deliver crop nutrition plans for modern production techniques providing recommendations for optimum performance

| Nutrition             | Peas and beans | P and K requirements and N  | 1 | Vining peas - the effect of soil phosphate   | Current     |
|-----------------------|----------------|---|---|--|-------------|
|                       |                | residues  |   | levels on rhizobial population - AHDB-   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | Horticulture FV428; AHDB - UK Partnership  |             |
|                       |                |   |   | for Crop Nutrient Management - RB209   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | consortium - supported by levy boards and  |             |
|                       |                |   |   | industry; Seed treatments for peas - PGRO  |             |
|                       |                |   |   | levy.  |             |
|                       |                |   |   | Improving the availability of UK sourced   | Previous    |
|                       |                |   |   | protein feed through new faba varieties,   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | production and utilisation systems -   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | Optibean - IUK 101082; Identification of   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | critical soil P levels in peas AHDB-   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | Horticulture FV 380; Establishing best   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | practice for determining soil nitrogen   |             |
|                       |                |   |   | supply - AHDB project 3425.  |             |
|                       |                | Sulphur: revisiting the potential   | 1 | AHDB - UK Partnership for Crop Nutrient  | Current and |
|                       |                | need for sulphur (as a major  |   | Management - RB209 consortium -  | Proposed    |
|                       |                | nutrient) applications as a result  |   | supported by levy boards and industry.   |             |
|                       |                | of environmental change   |   |  |             |
|                       |                | -   |   |  |             |
|                       |                | Micronutrients: Understanding<br>the impact of micronutrient<br>benefits in crop health;<br>provision of recommendations.     | 4 |  | Current     |
| Root<br>development   | Peas and beans | Root development: Ensuring<br>strong and vigorous root<br>development; nodulation for<br>improved N fixation; plant<br>growth | 1 | Vining peas - the effect of soil phosphate<br>levels on rhizobial population - AHDB-<br>Horticulture FV428 | Current     |
| Protein<br>production | Peas and beans | Foliar N applications: Improved protein content.  | 2 |  | GAP         |
| production            |                | •   | - |  |             |
|                       |                | Yield and protein content:<br>Relationship between yield and<br>protein; Improved protein<br>content.                         | 2 | Protein content versus yield in legumes:<br>releasing the constraint - IUK 101079.                         | Previous    |

#### 4. Environmental Change

Environmental change will influence future cropping techniques. Deliver recommendations for growing in a changing environment.

| Diffuse pollution | Peas and beans | Contribution of agricultural      | 1  | Improving the availability of UK sourced      | Previous       |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----------------|
|                   |                | contribution to diffuse pollution | 1; | protein feed through new faba varieties,      |                |
|                   |                | Improved drainage; Efficient use  | 9  | production and utilisation systems -          |                |
|                   |                | of nutrients; Precision farming.  |    | Optibean - IUK 101082; Identification of      |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | critical soil P levels in peas AHDB-          |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | Horticulture FV 380; Establishing best        |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | practice for determining soil nitrogen        |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | supply - AHDB/ Defra project 3425/            |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | LK09128.                                      |                |
| Climate change    | Peas and beans | N₂O emissions; crop residues.     | 2  | Minimising Nitrous Oxide Emissions of         | Previous       |
| impact            |                |                                   |    | Arable Crop Products - AHDB/ Defra project    |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | 3474/ LK09128; Improving the availability of  |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | UK sourced protein feed through new faba      |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | varieties, production and utilisation systems |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    | - Optibean - IUK 101082.                      |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    |   |                |
| Irrigation        | Peas and beans | Effects of irrigation on pod set  | 3  | AHDB-Horticulture fact sheet 02/12 for        | Previous       |
|                   |                | and yield                         |    | vining peas - irrigation.                     |                |
|                   |                |                                   |    |   | GAP for Pulses |

## 5. Legislation updates

To provide relevant information that can be used to impact and promote production and consumption

| Use and        | Peas and beans | Review of health benefits;             | 5 | International Year of Pulses collaboration | Current |
|----------------|----------------|--|---|--|---------|
| consumption of |                | promotion of consumption and           |   | 2016 - FAO; Pulse Crop Genetic             |         |
| pulses         |                | use; collaborative approaches.         |   | Improvement Network - PCGIN - Defra.       |         |
| CAP reform     | Peas and beans | Interpretation and guidance provision; | 1 |  | Current |

| Agro-chemical<br>registration                                 | Peas and beans | Identify and anticipate changes; 1<br>propose solutions; develop new<br>IPM systems for improved<br>management. | Lure and Kill technology to manage beetle<br>pests of field beans and peas - IUK 101910;<br>Contracts and projects to screen new and<br>novel active ingredients; Contracts and slot<br>trials to identify new active ingredients. | Current |
|---|----------------|---|--|---------|
| Pollinator<br>strategy and<br>review of benefits<br>to pulses | Peas           | Benfits of pollinators; benefits of 2<br>crops to pollinators; threats and<br>impacts of farming practices.     | PhD - Biology and Ecology of <i>Bruchus</i><br><i>rufimanus</i> - PGRO/ Newcastle University;<br>Proposed cultural techniques for improved<br>pest management and reduced impact on<br>pollinators.                                | Current |